Unit – I

Principles of Object Oriented Programming

- 1. What is Data abstraction? [2]
- 2. Define the following terms:
 - 1) Object
 - 2) Class [2]
- 3. Differentiate between POP and OOP. (any four points) [4]
- 4. Write a program to define a structure 'Tender' having data members Tender-no., cost and company-name. Accept & display this data for two variable of this structure. [4]
- 5. Describe any four basic concepts of OOP. [4]
- 6. State any four features of OOP [4]
- 7. Enlist the applications of OOP.[4]
- 8. 8 Write any two characteristics of procedure oriented programming. [2]
- 9. What is the significance of scope resolution operator? [2]
- 10. Define a structure with it's syntax. [2]
- 11. List any four object oriented languages. [2]
- 12. Differentiate between OOP and POP [4]
- 13. Write any four features of object oriented programming. [4]
- 14. Differentiate between structure and class. [4]
- 15. state any four application of object oriented programming. [2]
- 16. Differentiate between OOP and POP. [4]
- 17. Explain structure of C++ program with example. [4]
- 18. Explain: (i) Scope resolution operator (ii) Memory management operator [4]
- 19. State any four features of object oriented programming. [4]
- 20.List two memory management operators available in C++ and state its use in one line. [2]
- 21. State any four applications of OOP. [4]
- 22. Describe syntax of 'ein' and 'cout' with example. [4]
- 23. With suitable diagram describe structure of C++ program. [4]
- 24. Define structure. Give syntax of defining structure. [4]
- 25. *List any four features of POP.* [4]
- 26. Write structure of C++ program. [4]
- 27. Differentiate between procedure oriented and object oriented programming languages. [4]
- 28. List applications of Oop's technology. [4]
- 29. State scope resolution operator and memory management operator in C++. [4]
- $30. Explain\ insertion\ and\ extraction\ operators.\ [4]$

- 31. Compare structure and class. [4]
- 32. List any four object oriented languages. [2]
- 33. State any four application of object oriented programming. [2]
- 34. Enlist any four concepts of OOP. [4]
- 35. What are the features of object oriented programming? [4]
- 36. In procedure oriented programming all data are shared by all functions Is this statement TRUE ?'Justify your answer. [4]
- 37. Write a program to display largest element from entered array. [4]
- 38. Which are the input-output C++? Give suitable example. [2]
- 39. Differentiate between POP and OOP (4 points) [4]
- 40. Explain the structure of C++ program with suitable example. [4]
- 41. Explain scope resolution operator and memory management operator in C++. [4]
- 42. Write a program to insert an element at location of array. [4]
- 43. Give syntax and example of defining structure and declaring structure variables. [4]
- 44. What are the features of procedure oriented programming? [4]
- 45. What is use of scope resolution operator? [2]
- 46. What are the differences between structure and class? [4]
- 47. Write down characteristics of object oriented programming. [4]
- 48. Explain different operator used in C++. [4]
- 49. Explain the structure of C++ program. [4]
- 50. What is structure? How user declare structure? Give example. [4]
- 51. What is difference between procedure oriented programming and object oriented programming? [4]